

Instituto Federal de Educação, Ciência e Tecnologia de Santa Catarina

Departamento Acadêmico de Eletrônica

Eletrônica de Potência



# Dimensionamento e Especificação de Semicondutores

Prof. Clovis Antonio Petry.

Florianópolis, agosto de 2014.

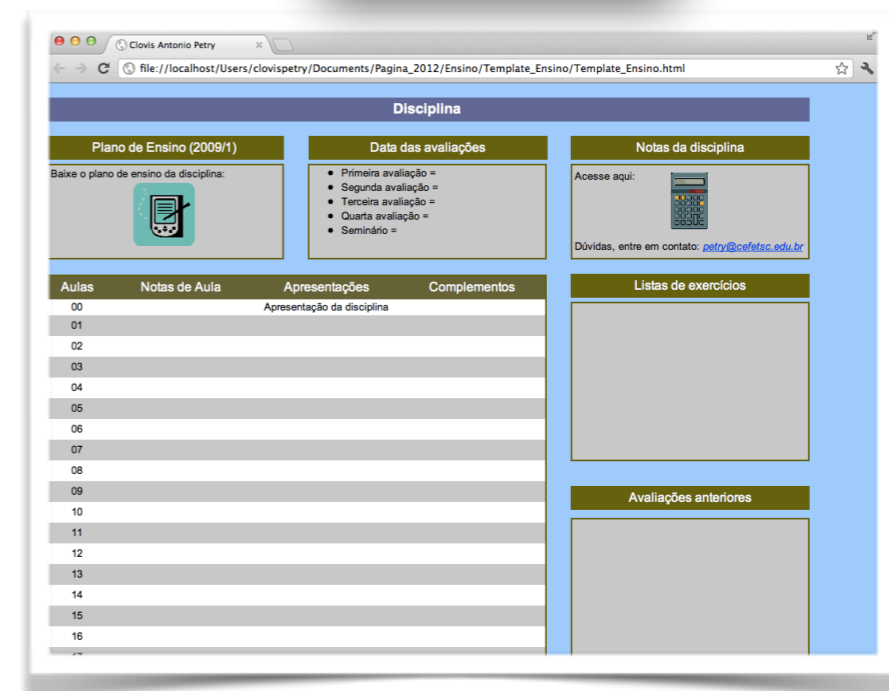
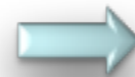
# Biografia para Esta Aula

Capítulos 2, 3 e 4:

- Semicondutores de potência.



[www.ProfessorPetry.com.br](http://www.ProfessorPetry.com.br)



Disciplina

Plano de Ensino (2009/1)

Baixe o plano de ensino da disciplina:

Data das avaliações

- Primeira avaliação =
- Segunda avaliação =
- Terceira avaliação =
- Quarta avaliação =
- Seminário =

Notas da disciplina

Acesse aqui:

Dúvidas, entre em contato: [petry@cefetsc.edu.br](mailto:petry@cefetsc.edu.br)

Aulas	Notas de Aula	Apresentações	Complementos
00		Apresentação da disciplina	
01			
02			
03			
04			
05			
06			
07			
08			
09			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			

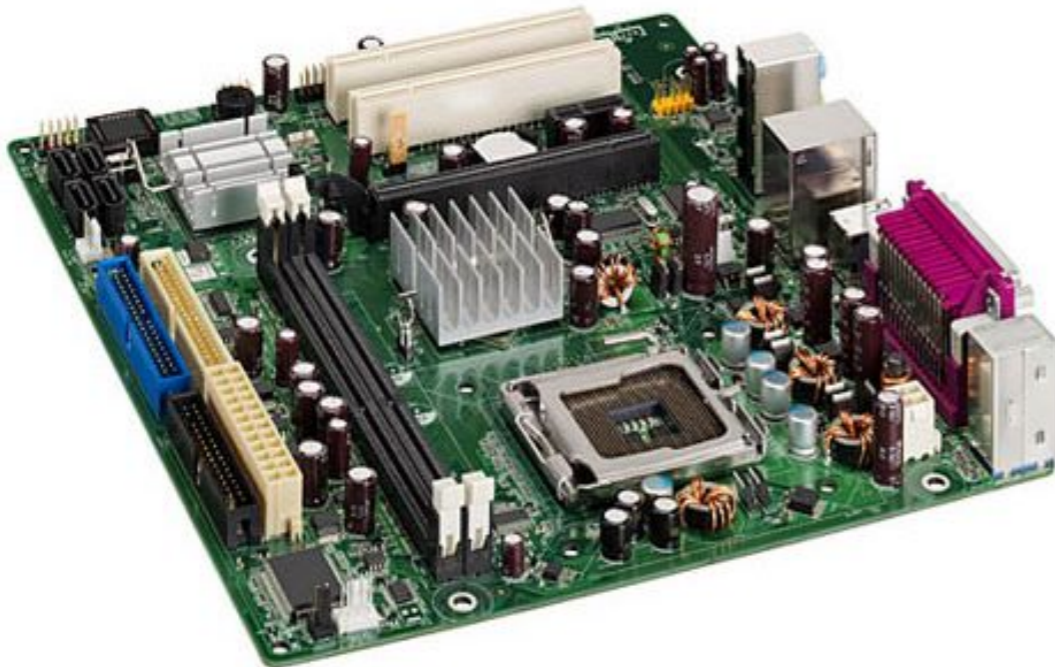
Listas de exercícios

Avaliações anteriores

# Nesta Aula

## Semicondutores de potência:

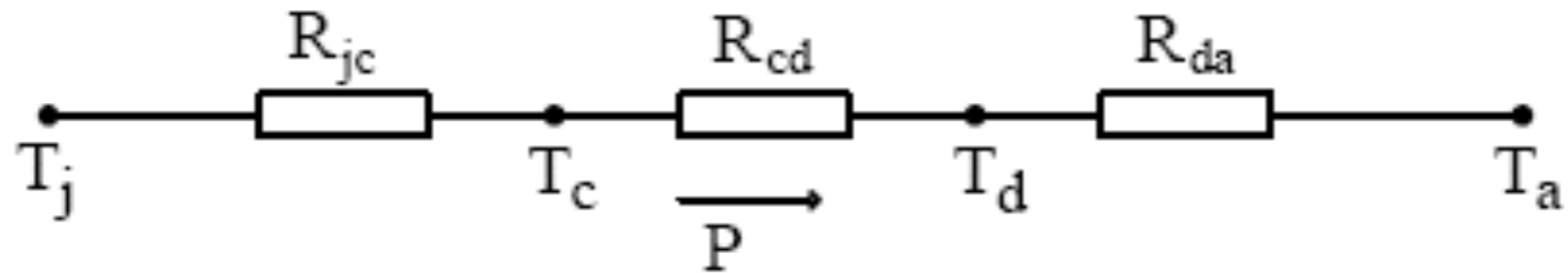
- Introdução;
- Cálculo térmico;
- Exemplos de dimensionamento e especificação.



# Cálculo Térmico

## Cálculo térmico:

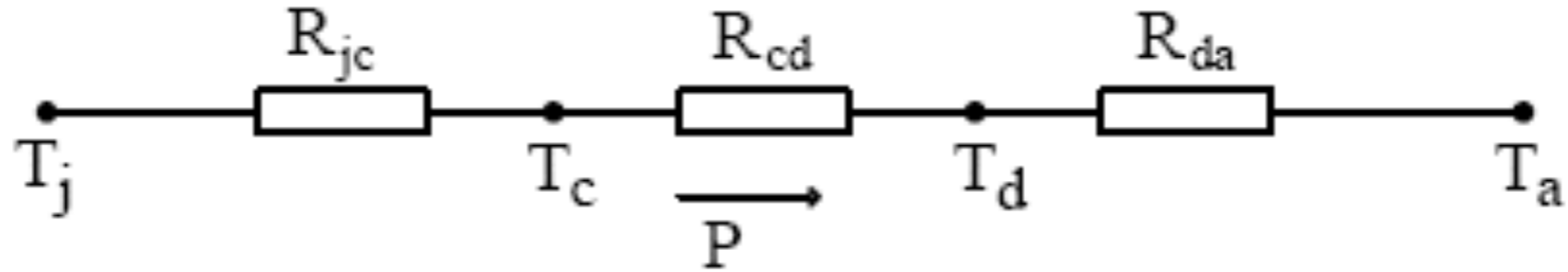
- Objetivo de verificar a necessidade de uso de dissipador de calor ou não.
- Modelo térmico:



- $T_j$  = temperatura na junção ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ );
- $T_c$  = temperatura na cápsula ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ );
- $T_d$  = temperatura no dissipador ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ );
- $T_a$  = temperatura ambiente ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ );
- $R_{jc}$  = resistência térmica entre junção e cápsula ( $^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$ );
- $R_{cd}$  = resistência térmica entre cápsula e dissipador ( $^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$ );
- $R_{da}$  = resistência térmica entre dissipador e ambiente ( $^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$ );
- $P$  = potência dissipada no componente (W).



# Cálculo Térmico



$$R_{ja} = R_{jc} + R_{cd} + R_{da}$$

$$T_j - T_a = R_{ja} \cdot P \quad \Rightarrow \quad R_{ja} = \frac{T_j - T_a}{P}$$

$$R_{da} = R_{ja} - R_{jc} - R_{cd}$$



The screenshot shows a Wolfram CDF Player interface with five sliders and a result box. The sliders are labeled  $T_a$ ,  $T_j$ ,  $R_{jc}$ ,  $R_{cd}$ , and  $P$ . Each slider has a value displayed to its right, and a plus sign icon to its left. The result box at the bottom displays the value 123.5.

Parameter	Value
$T_a$	25
$T_j$	150
$R_{jc}$	0.5
$R_{cd}$	1
$P$	1

123.5

# Cálculo Térmico

## Exemplo:

- Determinar o dissipador necessário:
  - Diodo MSR1560-D;
  - Corrente média = eficaz = 10 A;
  - Temperatura ambiente de 35 °C;
  - Considerar  $R_{cd} = 1 \text{ °C/W}$ ;
  - Considerar apenas as perdas por condução.



Online Calculator .. Heatsink - Windows Internet Explorer

http://www.changpuak.ch/electronics/calc\_23.html

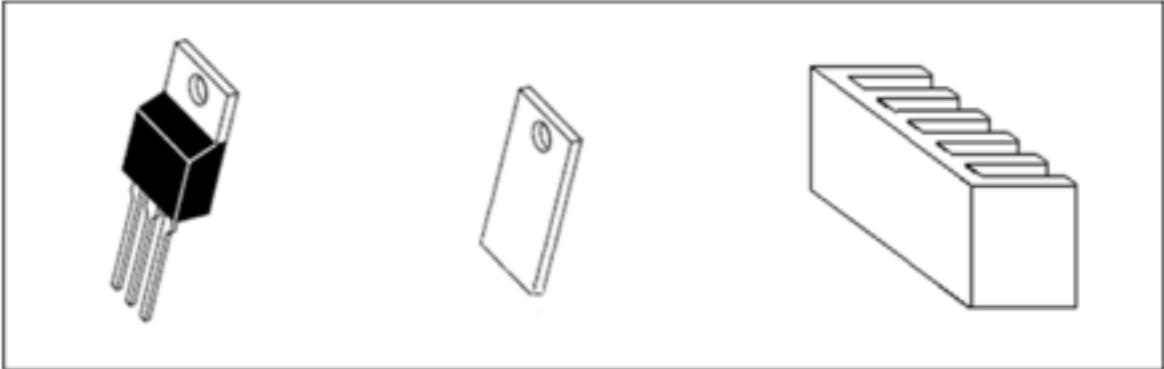
Arguivo Editar Exibir Favoritos Ferramentas Ajuda

★ Favoritos

NI LabVIEW - Improving th... Online Calculator .. He... x

Página Segurança

## ONLINE HEATSINK CALCULATOR



**NAVIGATION**

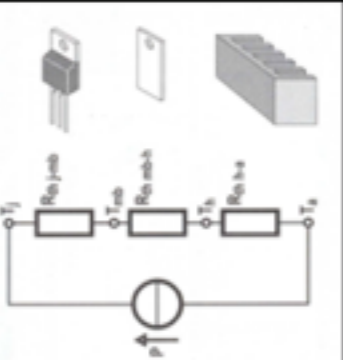
go back

**MORE INFORMATION**

Berechnung Kühlkörper

Heatsink Calculation

**LIEBES ELEKTOR TEAM, WER HAT'S ERFUNDEN ?**



<b>Transistor</b>	<b>Thermal Pad</b>	<b>Heatsink</b>
$T_j$ <input type="text" value="150"/> °C		$T_a$ <input type="text" value="25"/> °C
$R_{th,j-a}$ <input type="text" value="1.5"/> °C/W	$R_{th}$ <input type="text" value="0.3"/> °C/W	$R_{th}$ <input type="text" value="23.2"/> °C/W
$P_{diss}$ <input type="text" value="5"/> W		
<input type="button" value="CALCULATE"/>		


Concluído

Internet | Modo Protegido: Ativado

100%

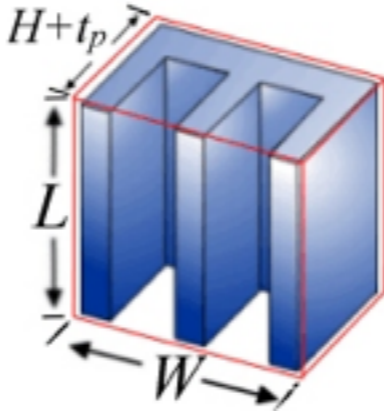
Natural Convection for Rectangular Heat Sinks - Windows Internet Explorer

http://www.mhtlab.uwaterloo.ca/NC\_rect.html

**Natural Convection for Rectangular Heat Sinks** 

Model Specifications	
Configuration:	Single ▾
Solve for:	Source Temperature ▾
Non-Uniform Fin Temperature:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Back Insulated:	<input type="checkbox"/>

**Maximum Outer Dimensions**  
[What is this?](#)

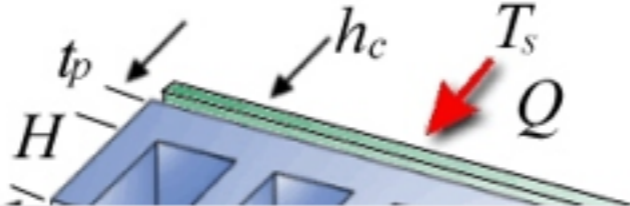


Depth  
 $H + t_p$  [mm]

Length  
 $L$  [mm]

Width  
 $W$  [mm]

**Input Values and Results**



Baseplate Thickness

Contact Conductance  
 $h_c$  [ $W/m^2 \text{ } ^\circ C$ ]

Concluído

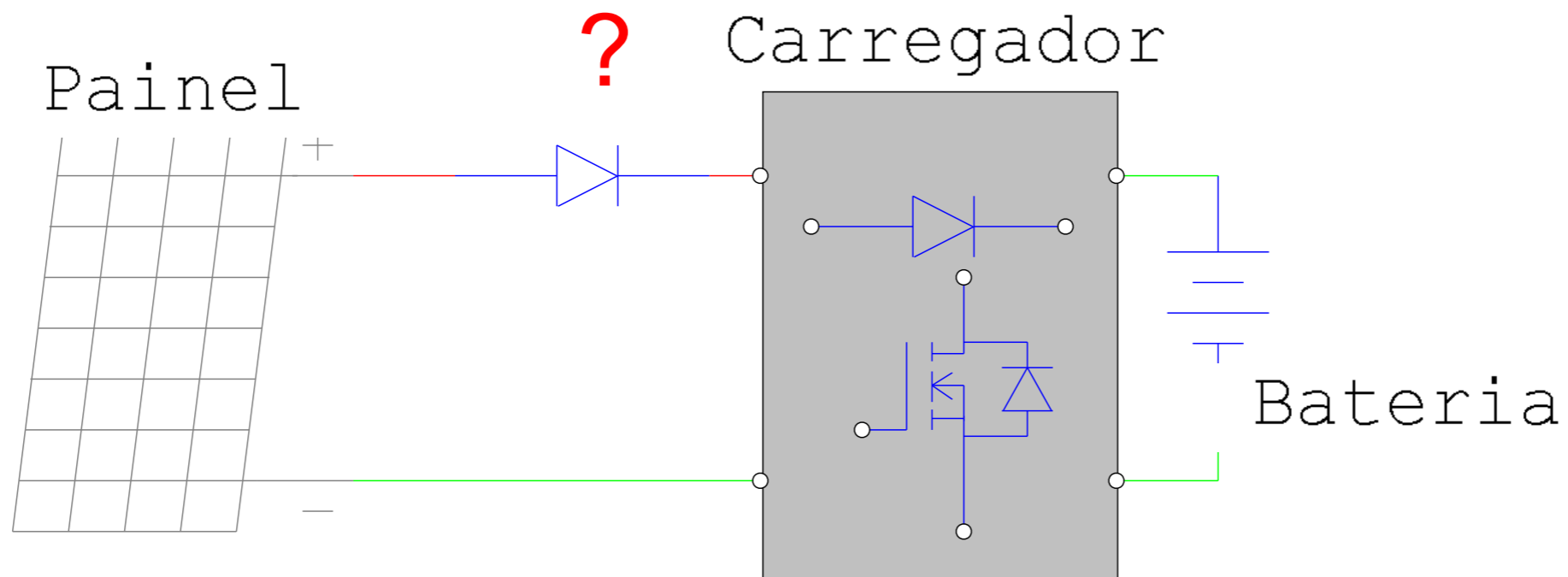
Internet | Modo Protegido: Ativado

100%

# Dimensionamento e Especificação de Semicondutores

## Exemplo 1:

- Considerando o circuito abaixo:
  - Tensão máxima fornecida pelo painel = 18 V;
  - Corrente máxima fornecida pelo painel = 200 mA;
  - Número de horas em média de insolação = 6 h.



## Exemplo 1:

- Especificando o diodo:
  - Tensão máxima =  $18 \cdot 1,5 > 30$  V;
  - Corrente máxima =  $200 \cdot 2 > 500$  mA;
  - Corrente média =  $200 \cdot 1,2 > 250$  mA;
  - Diodo lento, para corrente contínua.

## Diodes (1822)

ESD Protection Diodes &  
Arrays (129)

Schottky Diodes &  
Rectifiers (374)

Small Signal Switching  
Diodes (112)

Transient Voltage Suppressors  
(TVS) (521)
















Tuning Diodes (7)

Zener Diodes (679)



## Exemplo 1:

- Escolhendo o diodo:

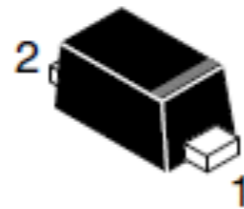
Select	Product	Data Sheet	Pb-free	Status	Description	V <sub>RRM</sub> Min (V)	V <sub>F</sub> Max (V)	I <sub>RM</sub> Max (uA)	I <sub>O(rec)</sub> Max (A)	I <sub>FSM</sub> Max (A)	t <sub>rr</sub> Max (ns)	C <sub>j</sub> Max (pF)	Package	Price
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">MBR0530T1</a>		<input type="checkbox"/>	Active	0.5 A, 30 V Schottky Rectifier	30	0.43 	130 	0.5	5.5			SOD-123 2 LEAD	\$0.1267
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">MBR0530T1G</a>			Active	0.5 A, 30 V Schottky Rectifier	30	0.43 	130 	0.5	5.5			SOD-123 2 LEAD	\$0.1175
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">MBR0530T3G</a>			Active	0.5 A, 30 V Schottky Rectifier	30	0.43 	130 	0.5	5.5			SOD-123 2 LEAD	\$0.1175
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">NSR0530P2T5G</a>			Active	30V 0.5A low VF SOD-923 Schottky Diode	30	0.46 	200 	0.5				SOD-923, 0.40 Max Height	\$0.064

[www.onsemi.com](http://www.onsemi.com)



## Features

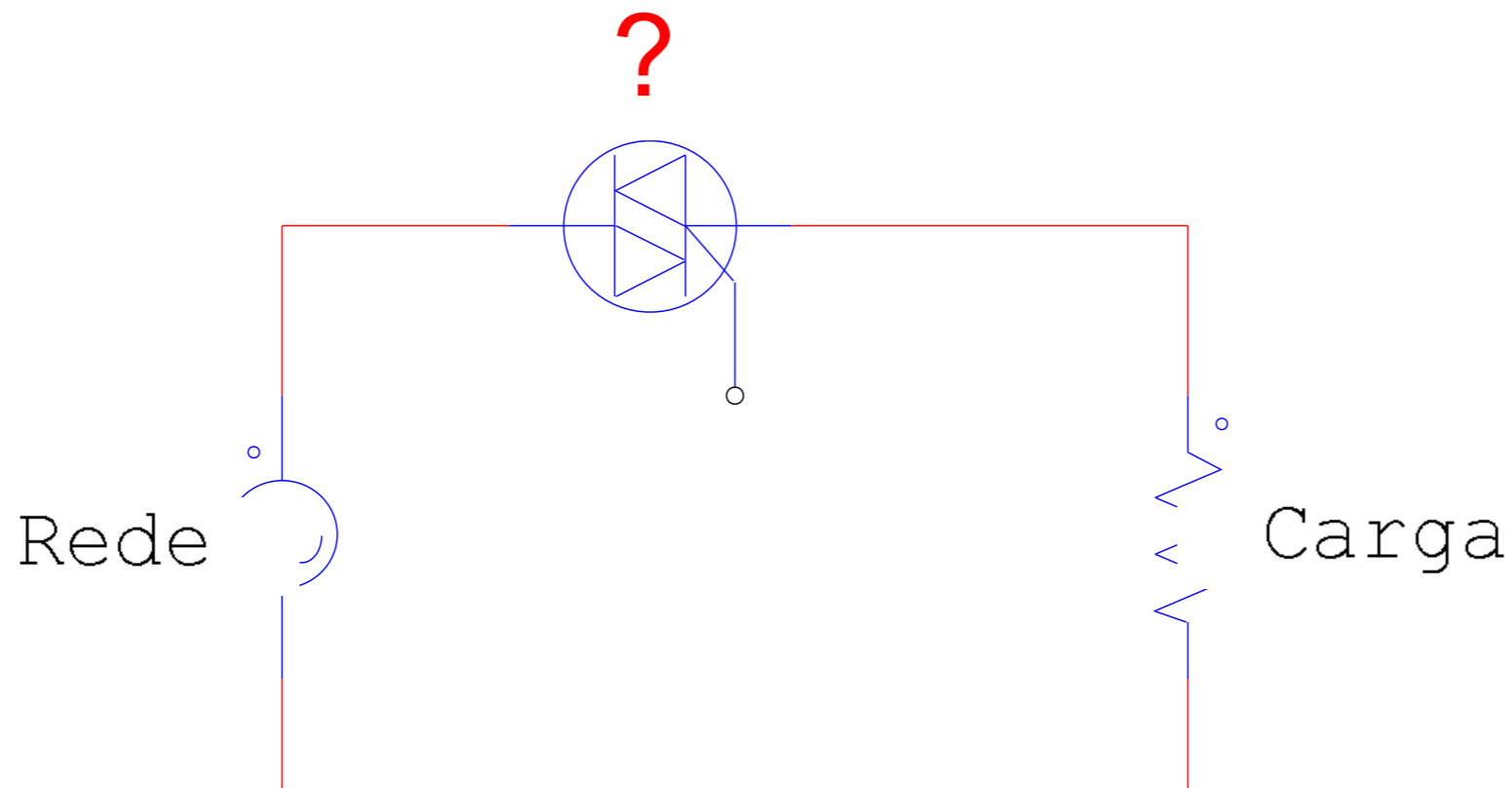
- Very Low Forward Voltage Drop - 370 mV @ 100 mA
- Low Reverse Current - 1.4  $\mu$ A @ 10 V VR
- 500 mA of Continuous Forward Current
- Power Dissipation of 190 mW with Minimum Trace
- Very High Switching Speed
- Low Capacitance - CT = 10 pF
- This is a Pb-Free Device



# Dimensionamento e Especificação de Semicondutores

## Exemplo 2:

- Considerando o circuito abaixo:
  - Tensão da rede  $220\text{ V} \pm 20\%$ ;
  - Carga (chuveiro) de  $6800\text{ W}$ ;
  - Pior caso = tiristor conduzindo o tempo todo.



## Exemplo 2:

- Especificando o tiristor:
  - Tensão máxima =  $[(220+20\%) \cdot 1,41] \cdot 1,2 > 500 \text{ V}$ ;
  - Corrente máxima =  $[(6800/220) \cdot 1,41] \cdot 1,2 > 53 \text{ A}$ ;
  - Corrente eficaz =  $(6800/220) \cdot 1,2 > 37 \text{ A}$ ;
  - Tiristor lento, para 60 Hz.

## Thyristors (456)

Programmable Unijunction  
Transistors (PUTs) (12)

SIDACs (11)

Silicon Controlled Rectifiers  
(SCRs) (163)

Thyristor Surge Protection  
Devices (TSPDs) (93)

Triacs (177)



Não atende!!



## Exemplo 2:

- Especificando o tiristor:
  - Tensão máxima =  $[(220+20\%) \cdot 1,41] \cdot 1,2 > 500 \text{ V}$ ;
  - Corrente máxima =  $[(6800/220) \cdot 1,41] \cdot 1,2 > 53 \text{ A}$ ;
  - Corrente eficaz =  $(6800/220) \cdot 1,2 > 37 \text{ A}$ ;
  - Tiristor lento, para 60 Hz.

## Thyristors & AC Switches Families

### SCR

Sensitive Gate SCRs  
Standard SCRs  
Voltage Switches

### Triac

Snubberless High Tj Triacs  
Standard and Snubberless Triacs

### Diac

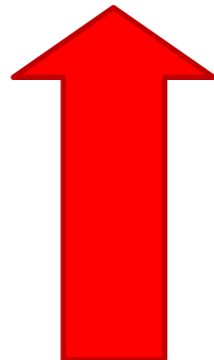
Diacs

### AC Switches

AC Switch

### ASD Thyristor

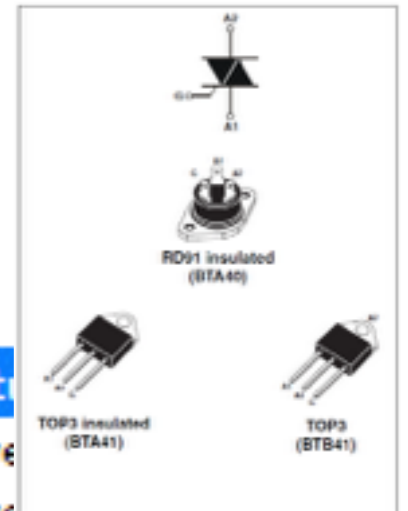
Ignitors Industrial  
Ignitors Lighting  
Power Control



# Dimensionamento e Especificação de Semicondutores

## Exemplo 2:

- Escolhendo o tiristor:



Generic Part Number		Orderable Part Number	Status
<b><u>BTA40</u></b>	Purchase	<b><u>BTA40-600B</u></b>	Active
	Purchase	<b><u>BTA40-800B</u></b>	Active
<b><u>BTA41</u></b>	Purchase	<b><u>BTA41-600BRG</u></b>	Active
	Purchase	<b>Samples</b> <b><u>BTA41-800BRG</u></b>	Active
<b><u>BTB41</u></b>	Purchase	<b><u>BTB41-800BRG</u></b>	Active
	Purchase	<b>Samples</b> <b><u>BTB41-600BRG</u></b>	Active



Symbol	Parameter	BTA40 <sup>(1)</sup>	BTA41 <sup>(1)</sup>	BTB41	Unit
$I_{T(RMS)}$	On-state rms current	40	41	41	A
$V_{DRM}/V_{RRM}$	Repetitive peak off-state voltage	600 and 800	600 and 800	600 and 800	V
$I_{GT}$	Triggering gate current	50	50	50	mA

## Exemplo 2:

- Projetando o dissipador para o tiristor:

Symbol	Test conditions		Value	Unit	
$R_{th(j-c)}$	Junction to case (AC)	RD91 (insulated) / TOP3 insulated	0.9	$^{\circ}C/W$	
		TOP3	0.6		
$R_{th(j-a)}$	Junction to ambient	TOP3 / TOP3 insulated	50	$^{\circ}C/W$	
$T_{stg}$ $T_j$	Storage junction temperature range Operating junction temperature range		- 40 to + 150 - 40 to + 125	$^{\circ}C$	
$R_d^{(2)}$	Dynamic resistance	$T_j = 125^{\circ}C$	MAX.	10	$m\Omega$

$$P = R \cdot I^2 = 10 \cdot 10^3 \cdot \left( \frac{6800}{220} \right)^2 = 9,55W$$

$$R_{ja} = \frac{T_j - T_a}{P} = \frac{125 - 40}{9,55} = 8,9^{\circ}C / W$$

$$R_{da} = R_{ja} - R_{jc} - R_{cd}$$

$$R_{da} = 8,9 - 0,6 - 1 = 7,3^{\circ}C / W$$



# Dimensionamento e Especificação de Semicondutores

## Exemplo 2:

- Escolhendo o dissipador:

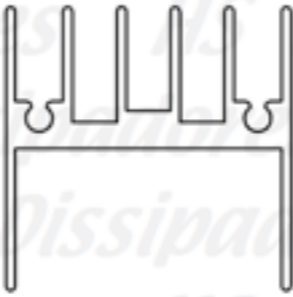
$$\text{Fator de correção} = 7,3/5,72 = 1,276$$

**Código : HS 3030**

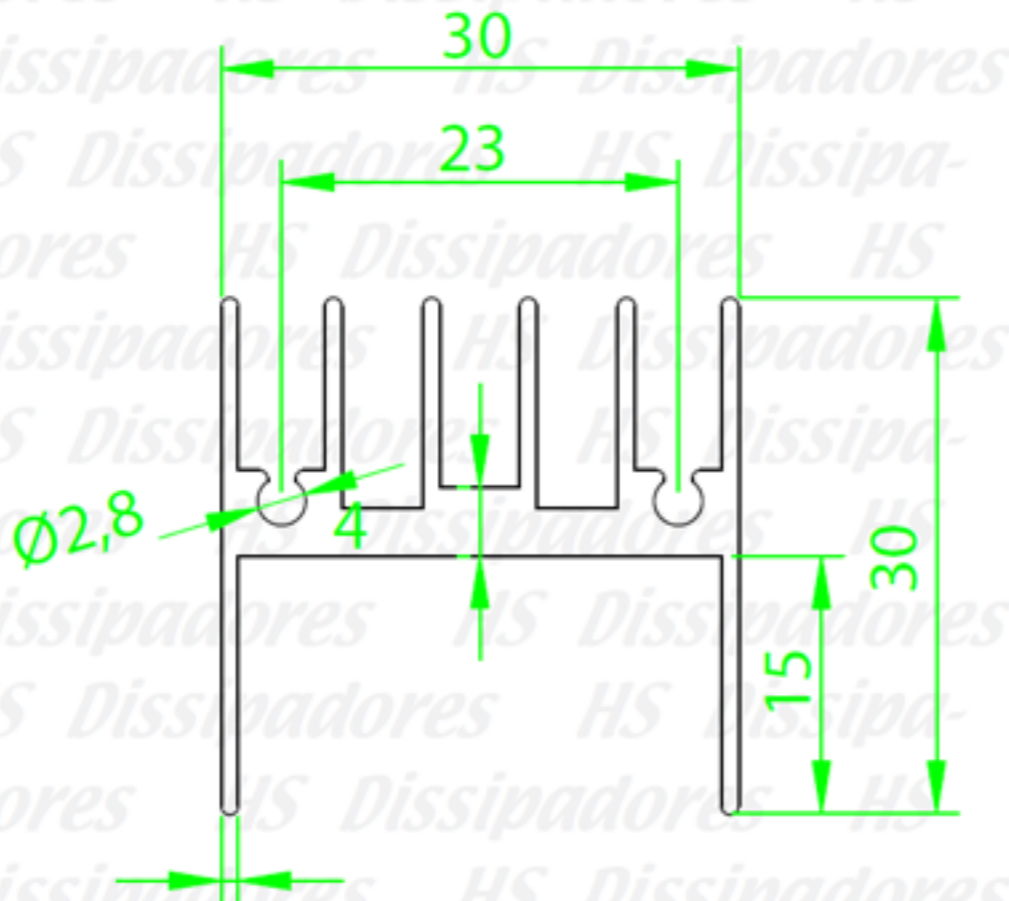
Dimensões aproximadas: 30 x 30 mm

Perímetro: 270 mm

Resistência Térmica: 5,72 °C / W / 4"



ESCALA 1:1



comprimento	fator de correção
10 mm	3,05
20 mm	2,21
30 mm	1,82
40 mm	1,59
50 mm	1,43
70 mm	1,22
100 mm	1,04

## Retificadores monofásicos:

- Carga resistiva.

