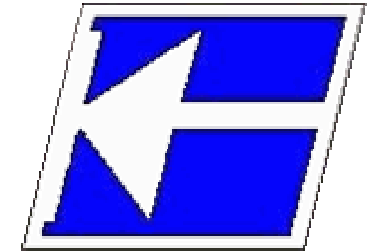


Centro Federal de Educação Tecnológica de Santa Catarina

Departamento de Eletrônica

Curso Superior de Sistemas Digitais

Retificadores



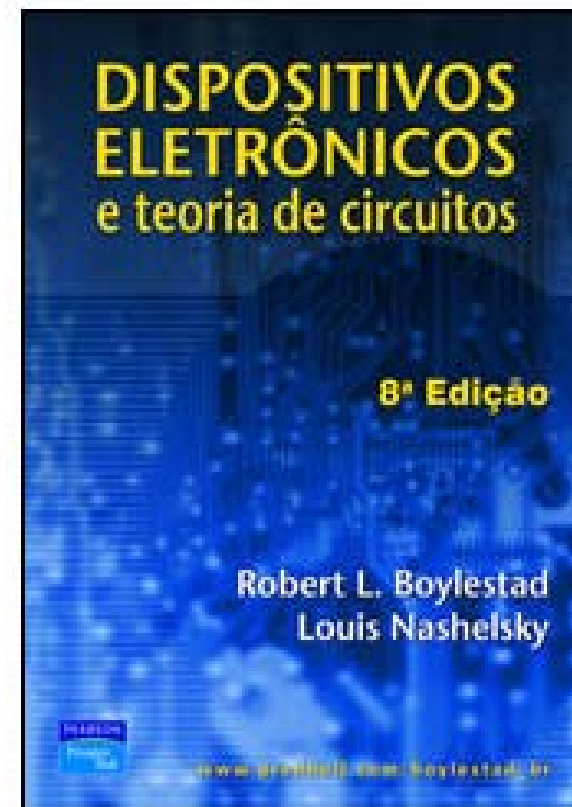
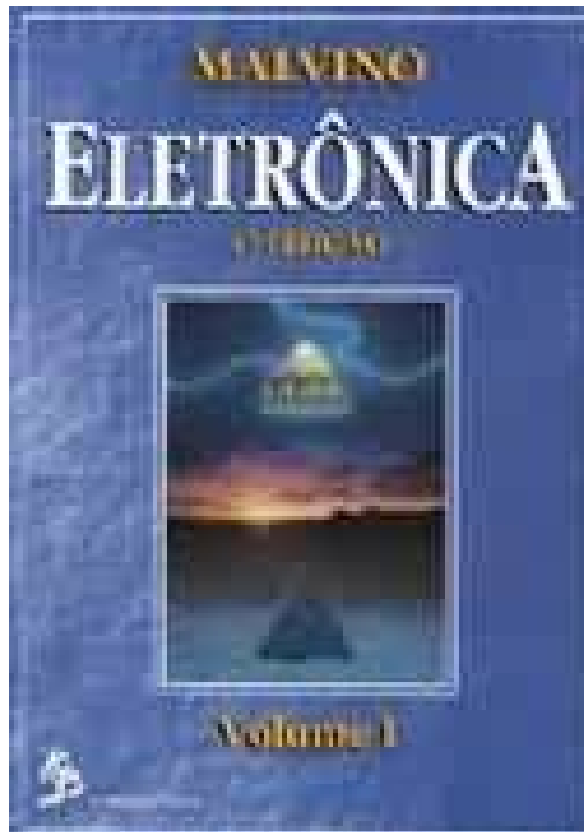
Diodos e dispositivos especiais

Parte 2

Prof. Clóvis Antônio Petry.

Florianópolis, maio de 2007.

Bibliografia para esta aula



Nesta aula

Seqüência de conteúdos:

1. Parte C – Diodos:
 - LEDs;
 - Fotodiodos;
2. Parte D – Transistores:
 - Fototransistores;
 - Optoacopladores;
3. Parte E – Outros dispositivos:
 - Células solares.

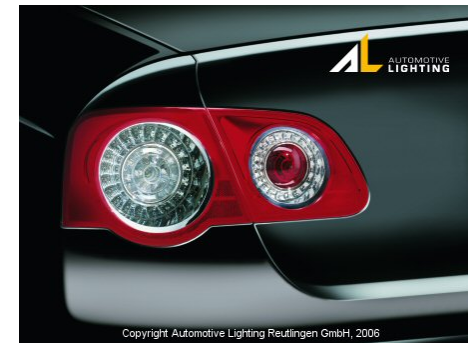
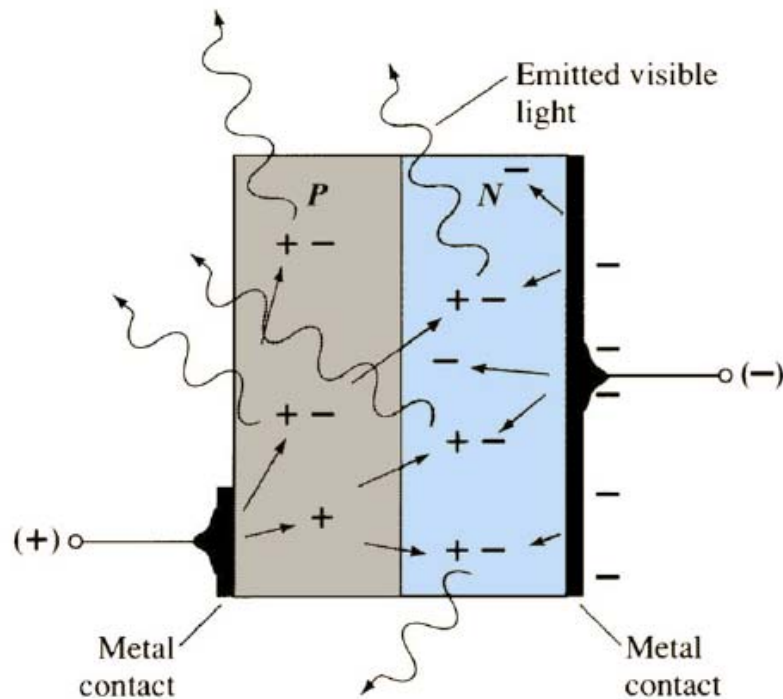
Parte C

Diodos

LEDs

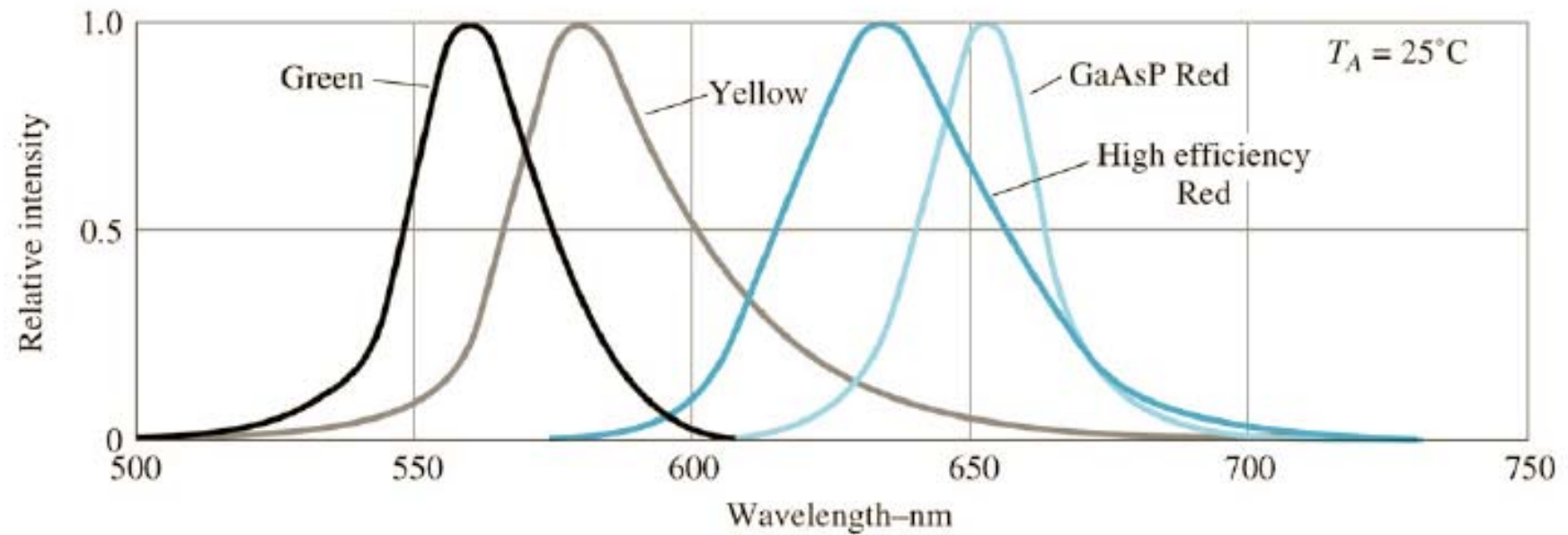
Diodos emissores de luz (LEDs):

- Eletroluminescência – processo de emissão de luz pela aplicação de uma fonte elétrica de energia.



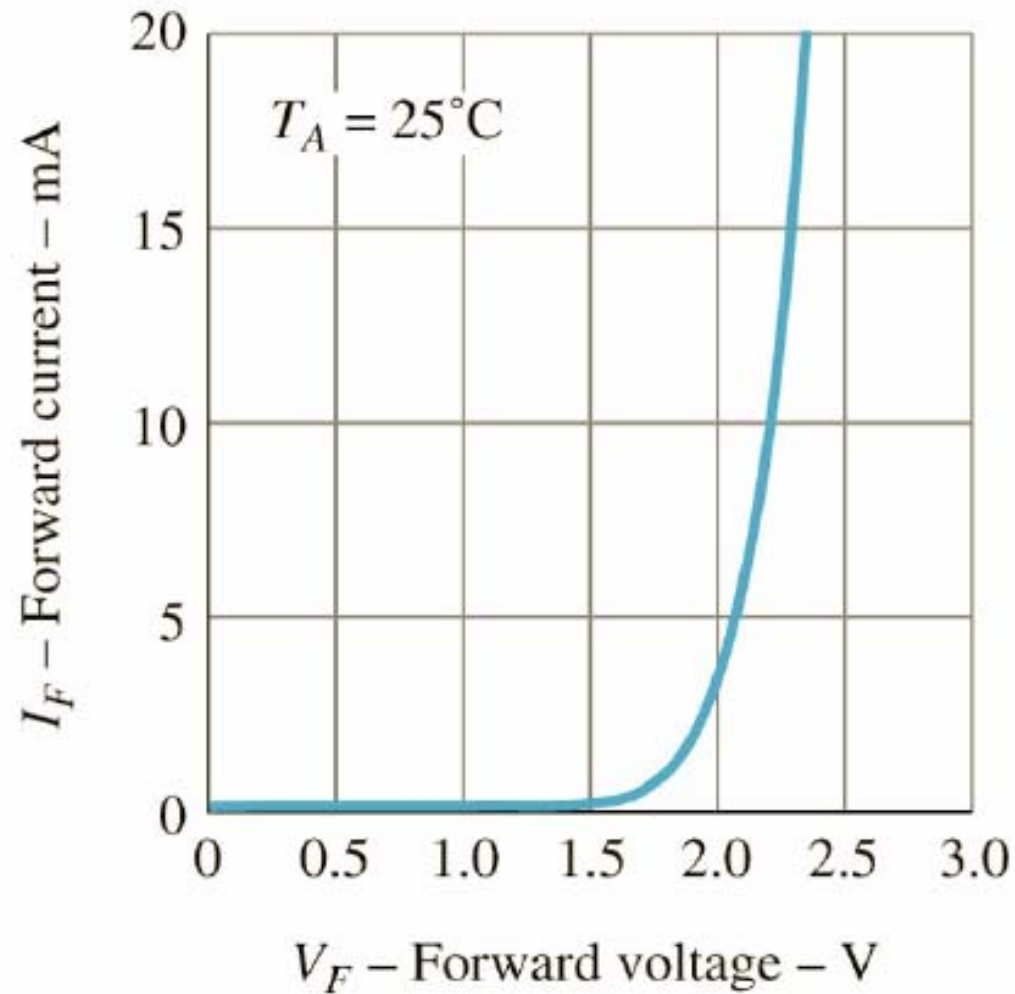
LEDs

Comprimentos de onda dos leds:



LEDs

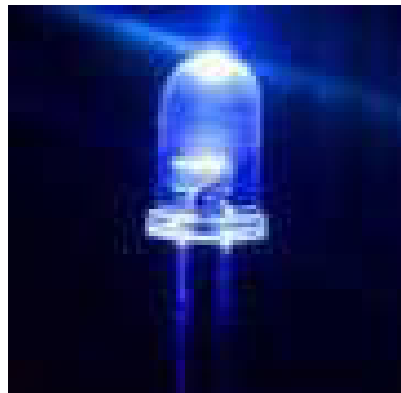
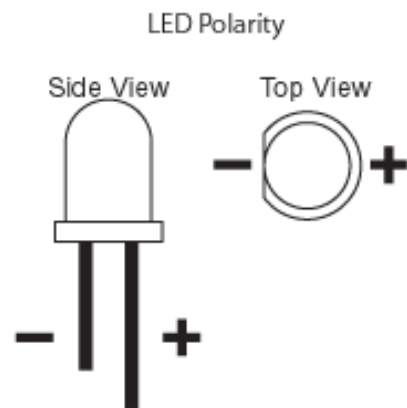
Corrente direta versus tensão direta para leds miniatura:



LEDs

Exercícios:

- Dimensionar circuitos com LED conforme especificações de fabricantes.



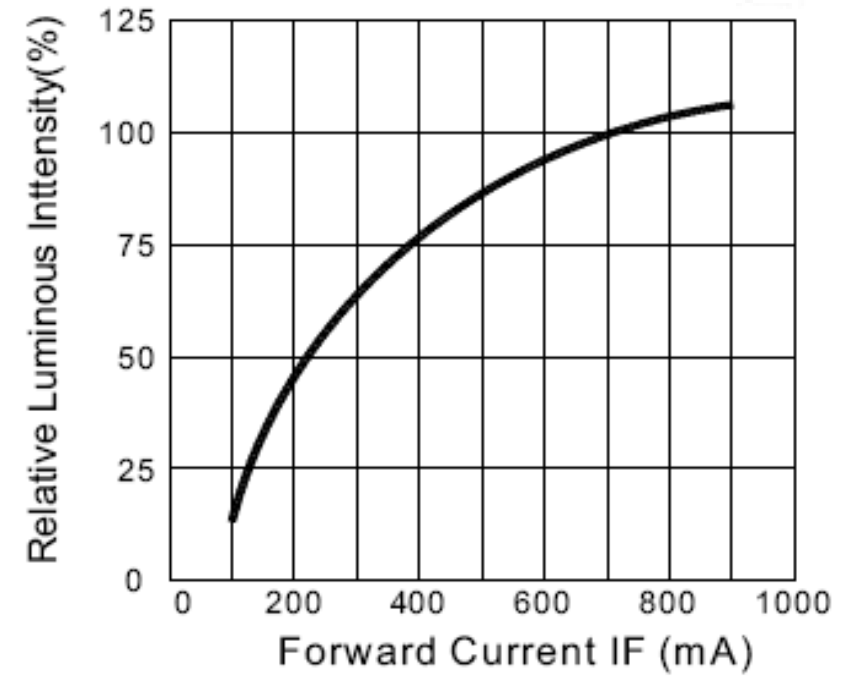
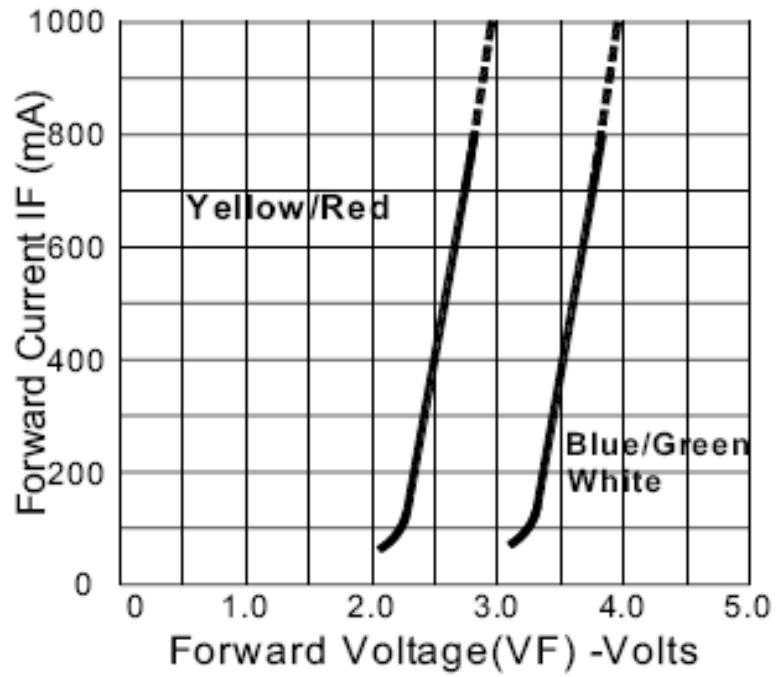
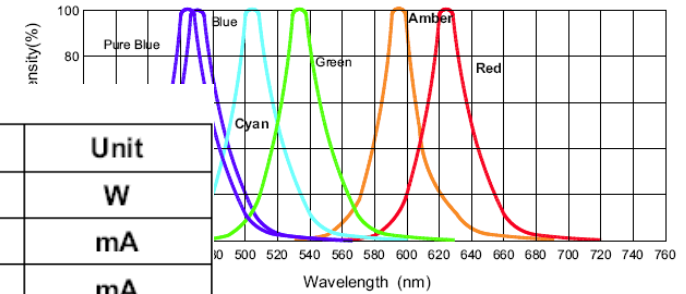
Spec	Value
Product ID	L4-0-Y5TH30-1
Angle	30
Package	5mm
Color	
Peak Wavelength in nm	590
Luminous Intensity	5000mcd typ. @ 20mA
Max Forward Current	30mA
Max Forward Current Pulse	100mA for $\leq 10\text{ms}$, duty $\leq 1/10$
Forward Voltage	2.25V typ. 2.6V max @ 20mA
Max Reverse Voltage	5V
Power Dissipation	
Operating Temp	-30 to +85 C
Soldering Temp	260 C for 5 Sec.
Max Reverse Current	10uA @ 5V

LEDs

SPECIFICATIONS FOR UPEC POWER LIGHT SOURCE TYPE LED

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit
Power Dissipation	PD	3	W
Pulse Forward Current	IPF	1000	mA
Forward Current	IF	700	mA
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	- 40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	- 40 to + 85	°C

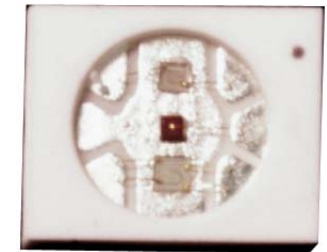


LEDs

SPECIFICATIONS FOR UPEC LTCC LIGHT SOURCE LED

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		Red	Pure Green	Blue	
Operating temperature range	T_{op}	-40 ... + 85			°C
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	-40 ... +100			°C
Power dissipation (Max)	P_d	2			W
Pulse forward current per chip	I_{pf}	250	300	250	mA
Forward current (R,G,B)	I_f	150	200	150	mA
Test current (White mixed)	I_f	100	200	50	mA
Reverse voltage	V_r	5			V



CHARACTERISTICS ($T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)

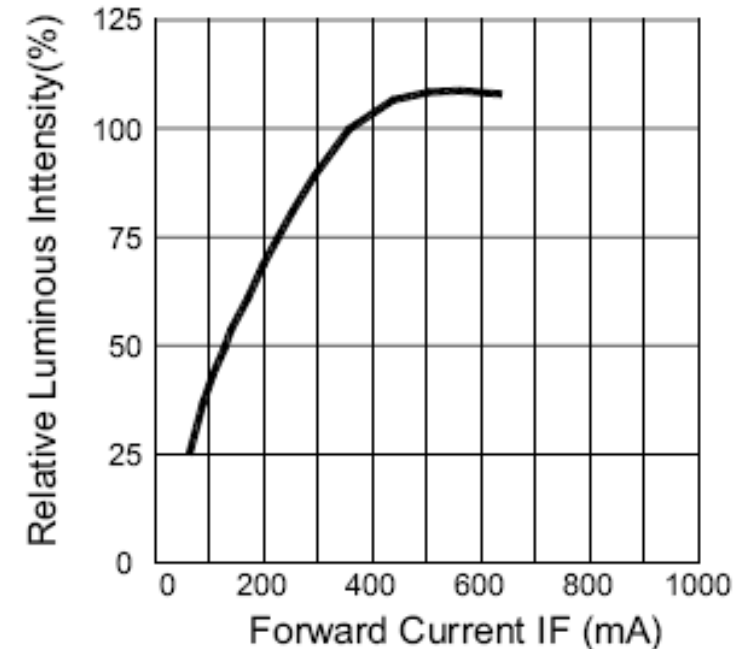
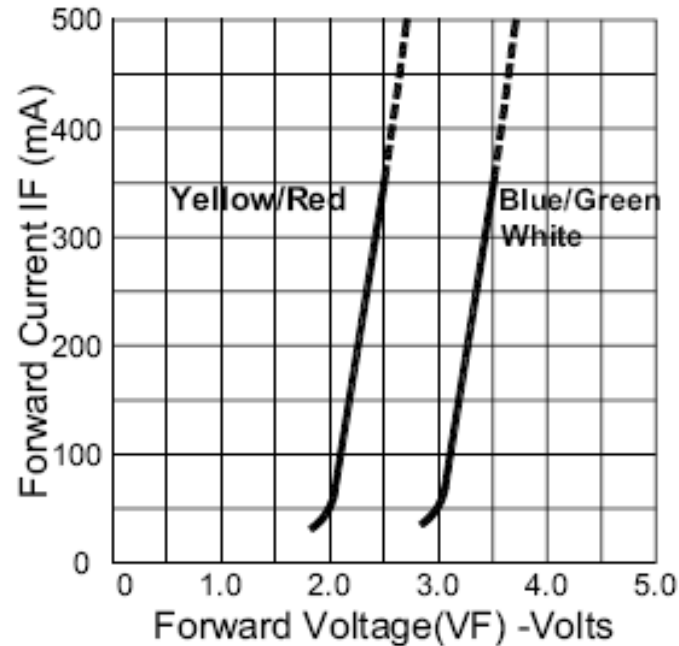
Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		Red	Pure Green	Blue	
Dominant wavelength	λ_{dom}	620~630	520~530	455~465	nm
Spectral bandwidth at 50 % (Typ)	$\Delta\lambda$	20	30	20	nm
Viewing angle at 50% I_v	$2\theta_{1/2}$	120	120	120	deg.
Forward voltage	V_f	2.0 3.0	2.8 3.6	2.8 3.6	V
Reverse current	I_r	100			μA

LEDs

SPECIFICATIONS FOR UPEC LED LIGHT SOURCE TYPE SYSTEM

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

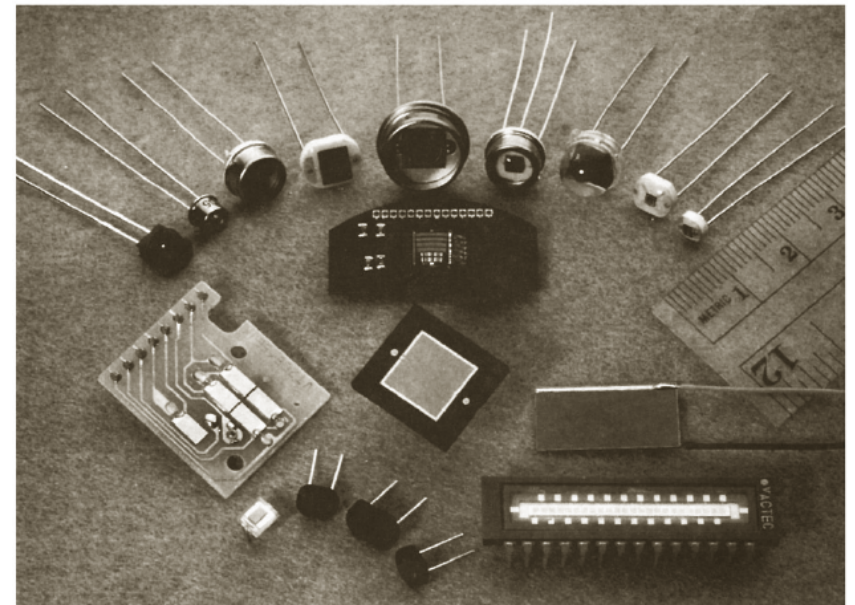
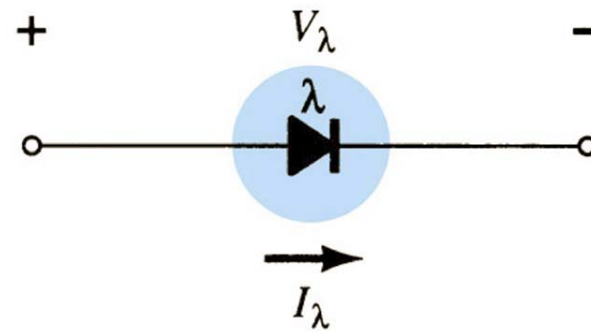
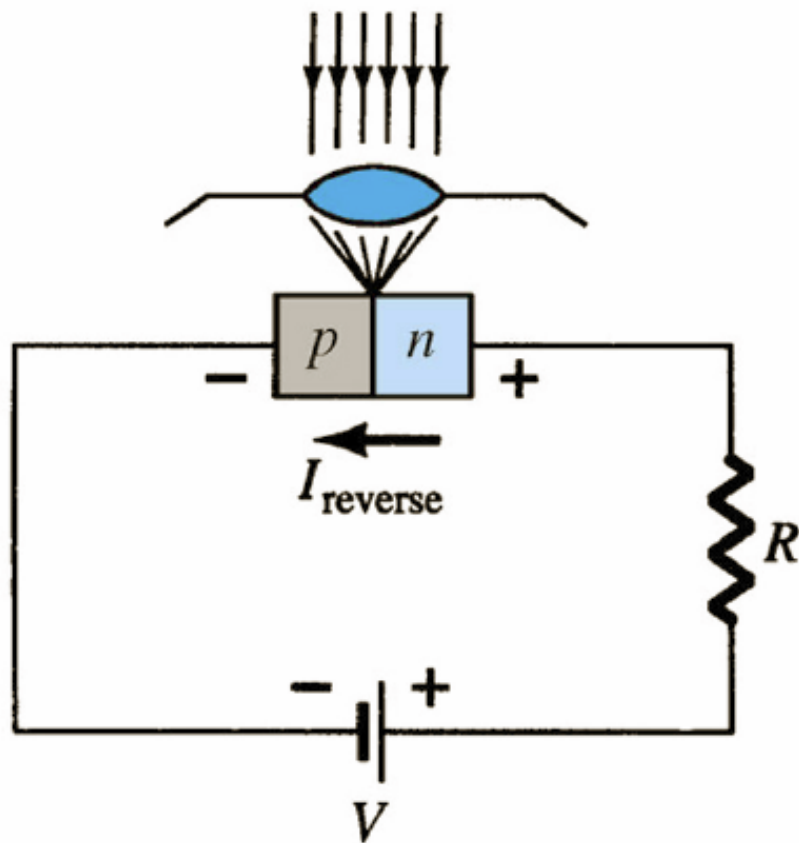
Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit
Power Dissipation	PD	6	W
Pulse Forward Current	IPF	500	mA
Forward Current	IF	350	mA
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	- 40 to + 120	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	- 40 to + 120	°C



Fotodiodos

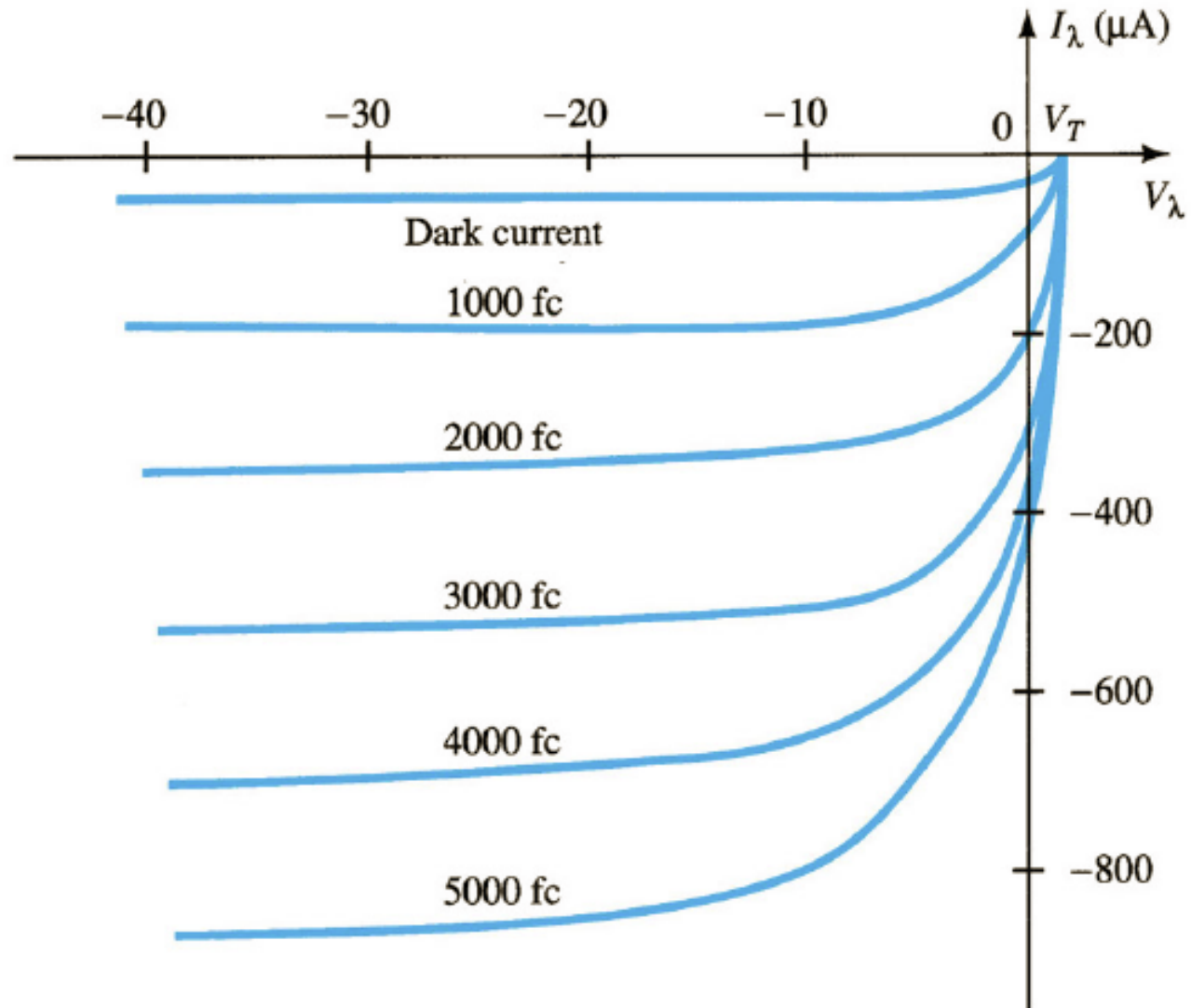
Fotodiodos:

- São diodos que operam na região reversa e são sensíveis à luz.
- Optoeletrônica – campo de estudo dos dispositivos sensíveis à luz.



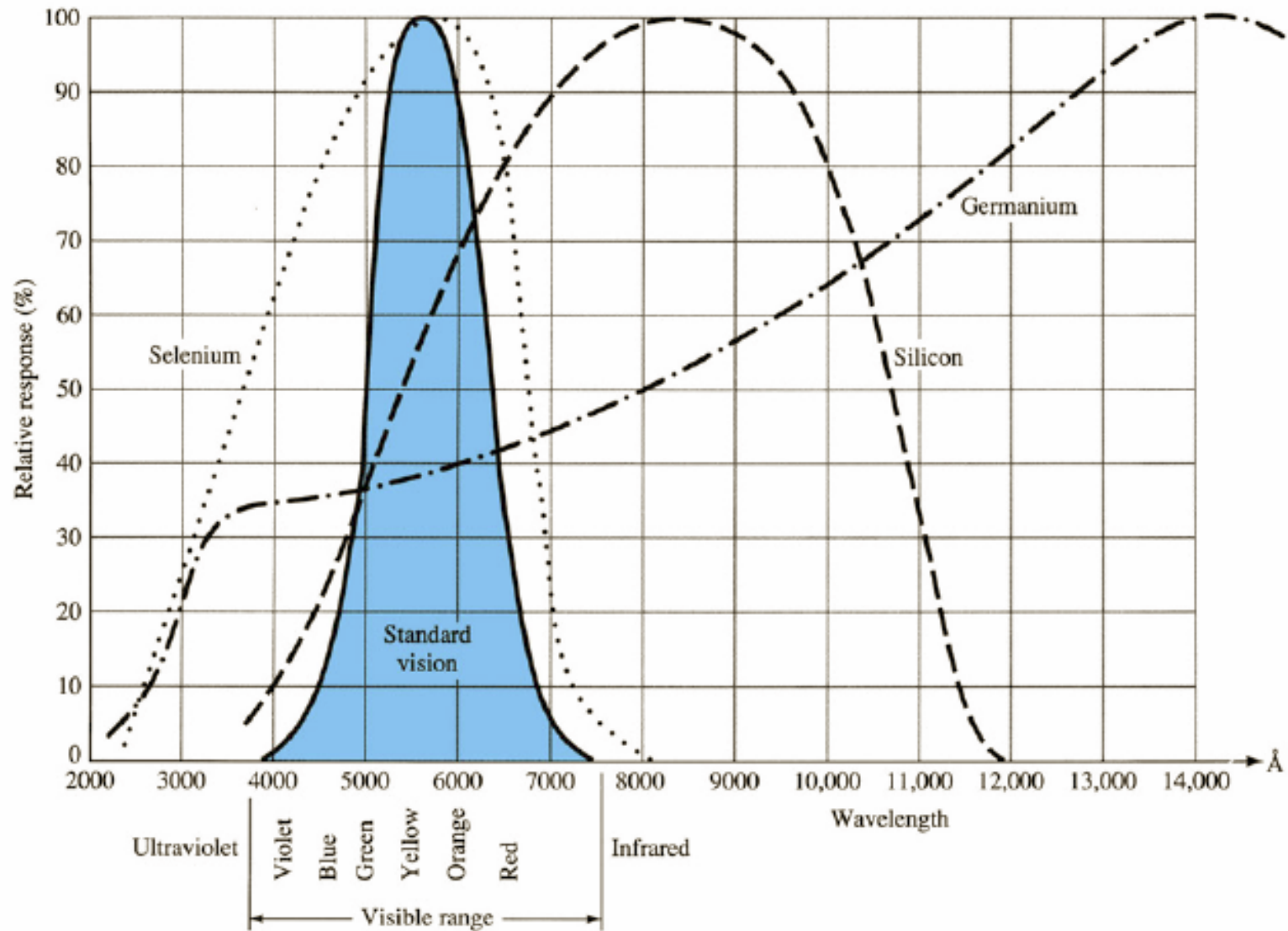
Fotodiodos

Curvas características dos fotodiodos:



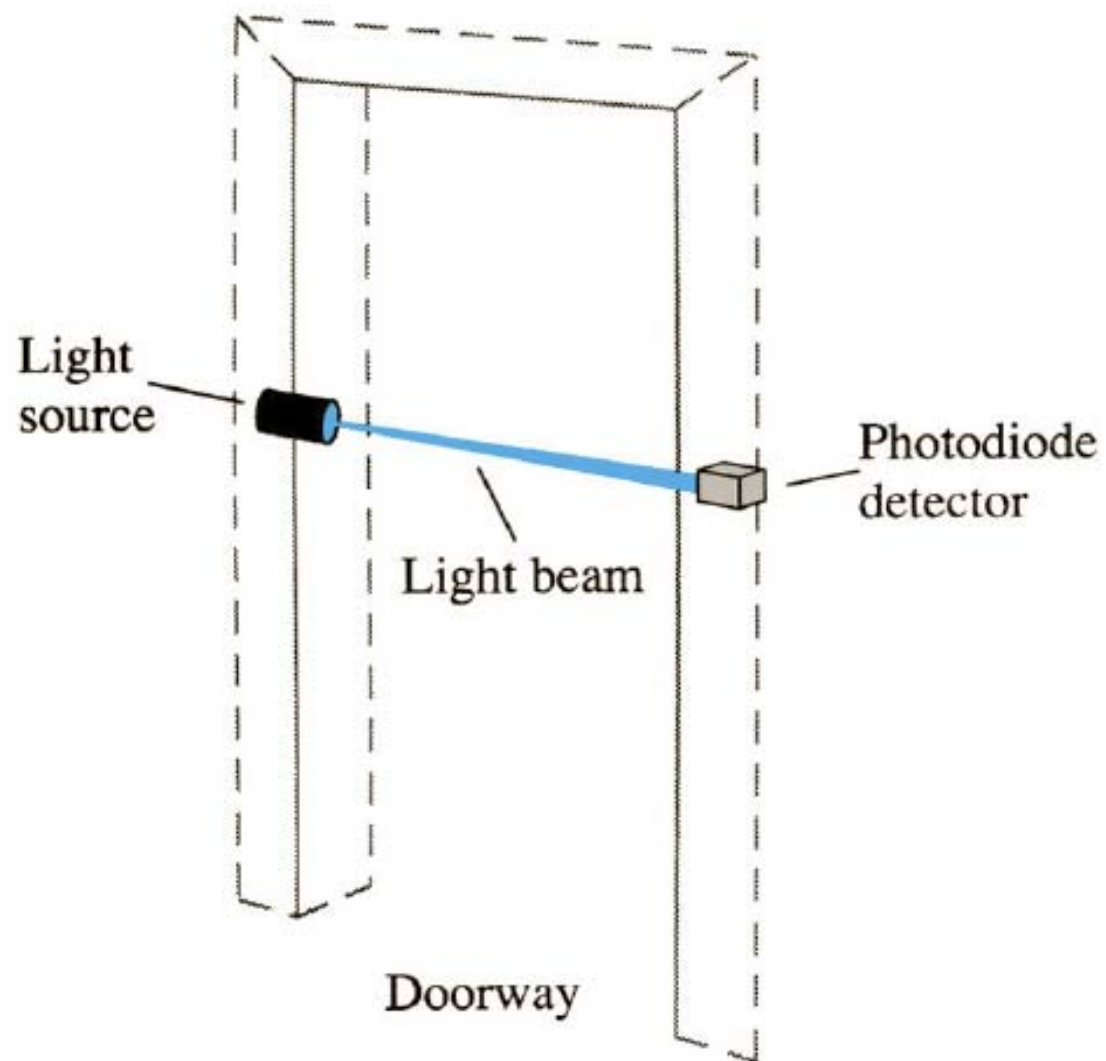
Fotodiodos

Resposta espectral de fotodiodos:



Fotodiodos

Exemplo de aplicação:



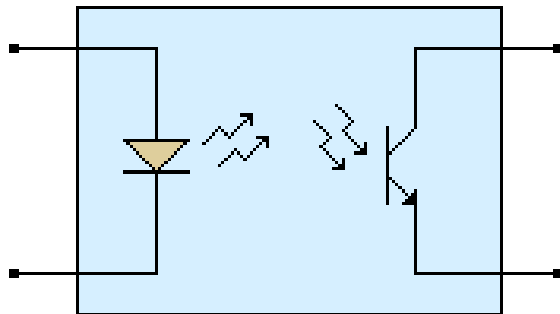
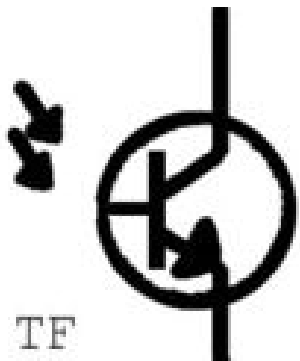
Parte D

Transistores

Fototransistor

Fototransistor:

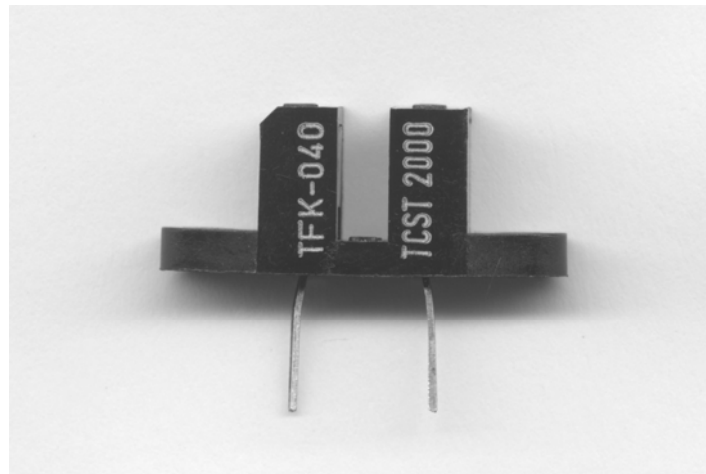
- São transistores sensíveis à luz.



Optoacopladores

Optoacoplador:

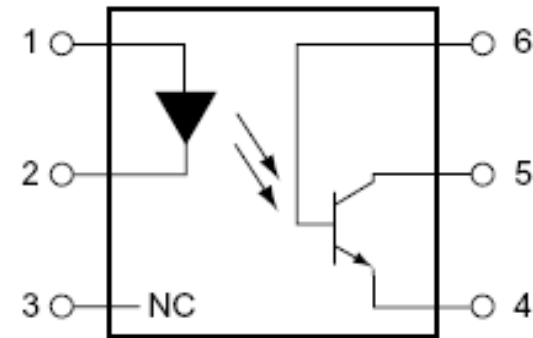
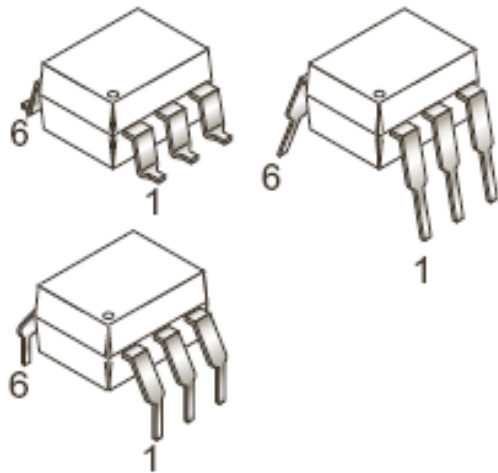
- São dispositivos que possuem no mesmo encapsulamento um fotodiodo e um fototransistor (ou tiristor), montados de maneira a permitirem o acoplamento óptico entre os dois.
- Usados para isolação entre circuitos, pois não ocorre ligação elétrica entre os circuitos, por exemplo para transmissão de dados.



Optocopladores

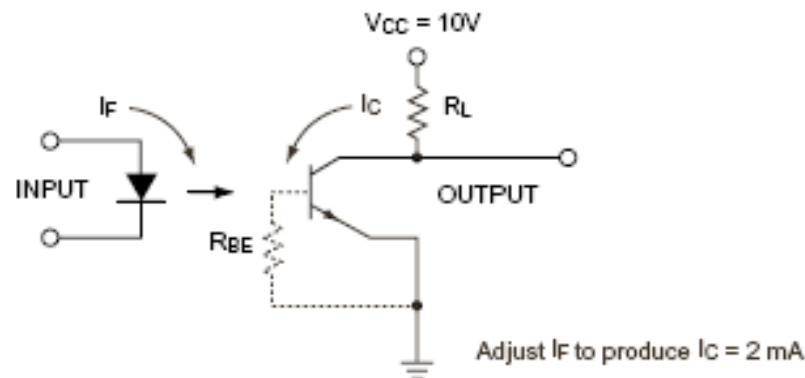
FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR®

4N25M, 4N26M, 4N27M, 4N28M, 4N35M, 4N36M, 4N37M,
H11A1M, H11A2M, H11A3M, H11A4M, H11A5M
General Purpose 6-Pin Phototransistor Optocouplers

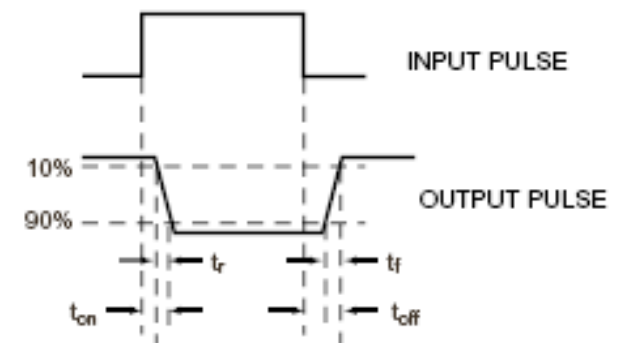


- PIN 1. ANODE
- 2. CATHODE
- 3. NO CONNECTION
- 4. EMITTER
- 5. COLLECTOR
- 6. BASE

TEST CIRCUIT

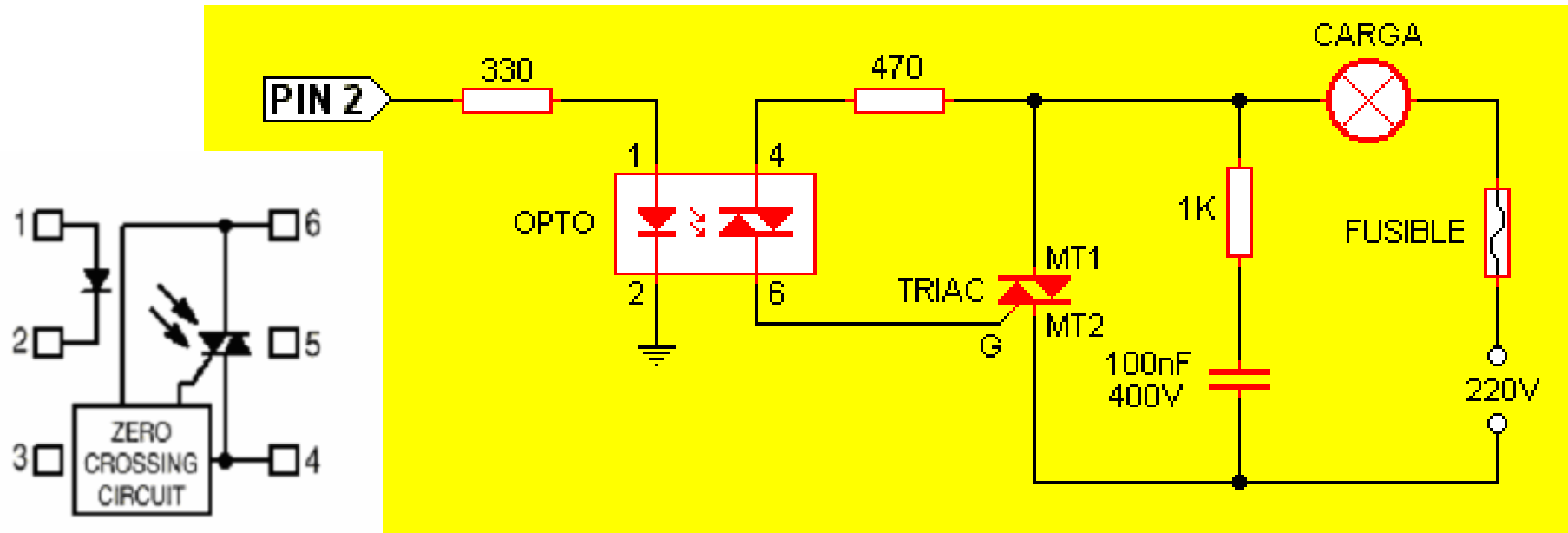


WAVE FORMS

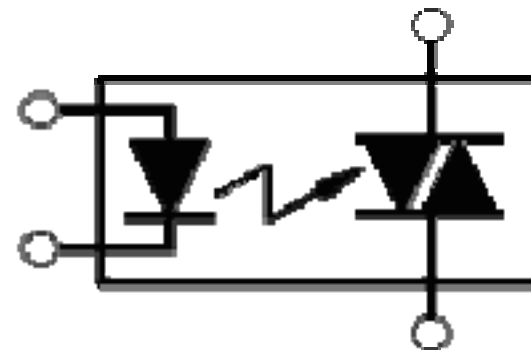


Optoacopladores

Optoacoplador com saída tiristorizada:



1. ANODE
2. CATHODE
3. NC
4. MAIN TERMINAL
5. SUBSTRATE
DO NOT CONNECT
6. MAIN TERMINAL



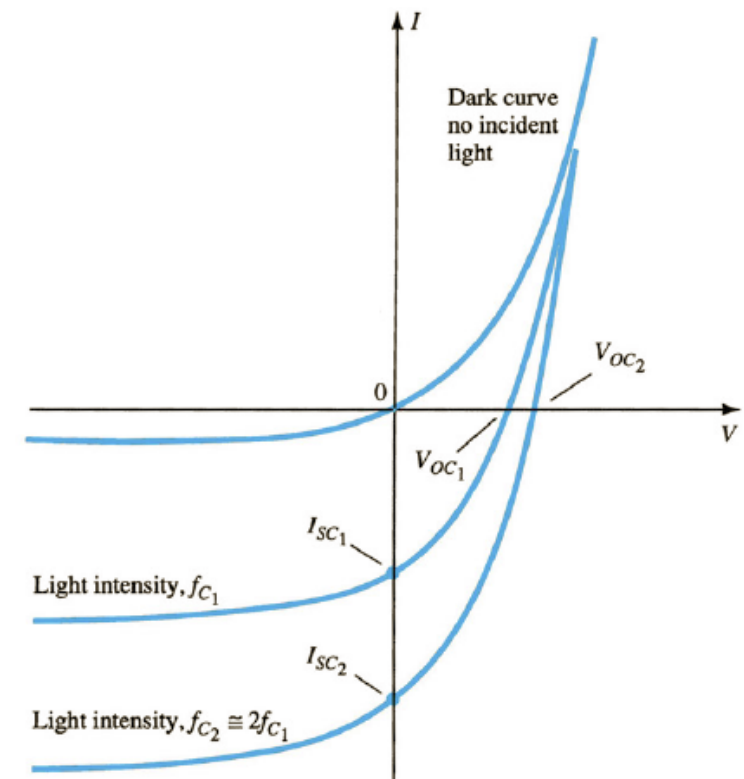
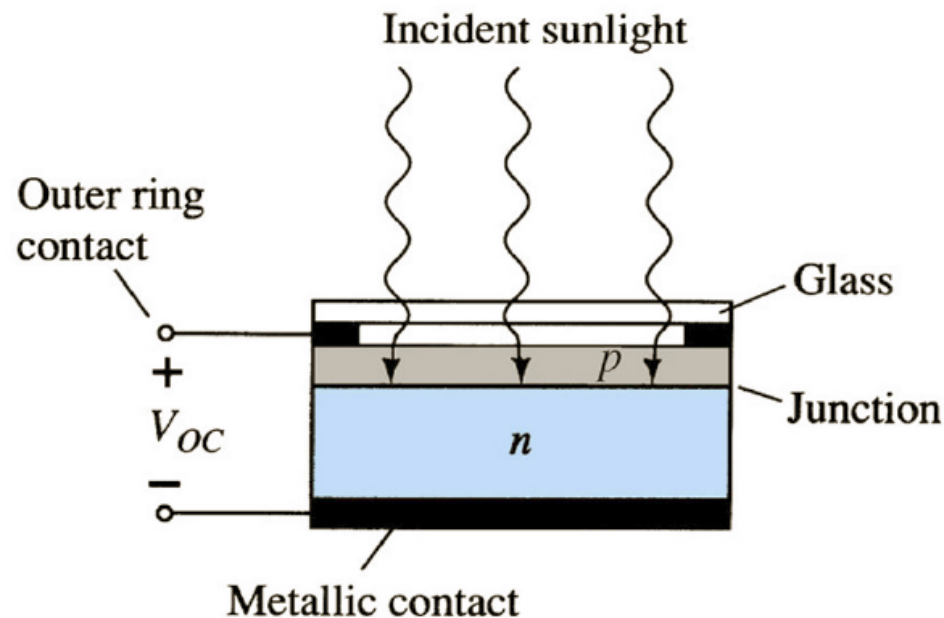
Outros dispositivos

Células solares

Células solares

Células solares:

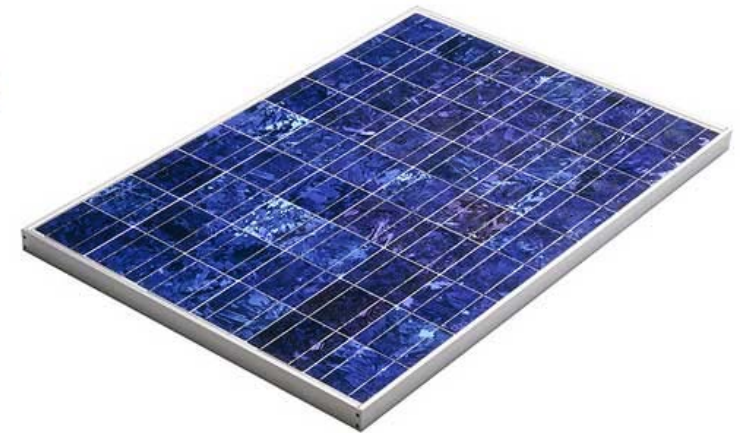
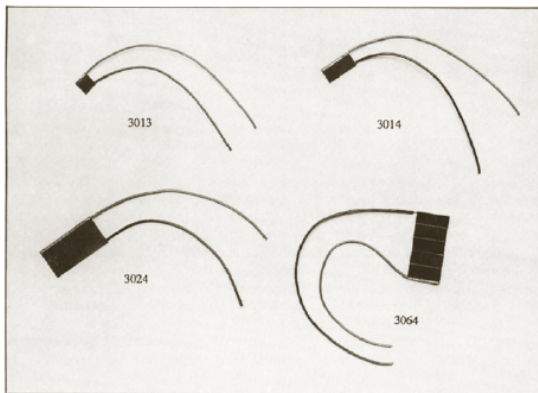
- São dispositivos construídos a partir de materiais semicondutores e que são sensíveis à luz.
- Geram potências da ordem de mW quando iluminados.



Células solares

Células solares:

- São dispositivos construídos a partir de materiais semicondutores e que são sensíveis à luz.
- Geram potências da ordem de mW quando iluminados.



Na próxima aula

Seqüência de conteúdos:

1. Aplicações dos diodos.